



Initiation Workshop:

CSA project log frame – objectives, outputs and partners

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Logframe and Break-Out Groups:

- * Introduction to Overall Project Logframe
- * Identify key issues for discussion by Break-Out Groups



Impact: Contribution to the achievement of MDG 1 and 7 (*Eradicate Extreme Poverty and Hunger; Ensure Environmental Sustainability*), and Article 2 of the UNFCCC through CSA

Outcome: Increased capacity to scale-up, and access financing for, CSA

Outputs:

1. Evidence base for developing and implementing policies and investments for CSA
2. Country-owned strategic frameworks for CSA activities are formulated
3. CSA investment proposals are formulated and possible financing, including from climate finance is identified
4. Capacity for evidence-based planning, implementing and financing CSA is built



Output 1. Evidence base

- 1.1 Compile existing information and data, *WB-3rd Integrated Household Survey 2010; available datasets on climate variables (FEWSNET rainfall), agro-ecological zones (FAO AEZ)*
- 1.2 New household & institutional datasets constructed: *MS & PhD Students' and national consultant to be hired*
- 1.3 Database of soil sequestration potential by farming practices linked to household datasets: *FAO Exact Tool*
- 1.4 & 1.5 Conceptual framework for identifying CSA strategies and Statistical Analyses of data collected
- 1.6 Development of a policy simulation model (in tandem with the development of country-owned strategic frameworks)



Output 2: Country owned strategic framework

- 2.1 & 2.2 Evaluation of existing institutional frameworks affecting CSA, and review of major agriculture and climate change policy documents, such as PRSPs, CAADP plans, NAPAs and NAMAs
- 2.3 Identification and costing of priority CSA options (based on outputs from Result 1.1 and input from in-country stakeholders)
- 2.4 Facilitated policy dialogue to prepare CSA strategic framework document
- 2.5 CSA strategic framework document finalized



Output 3: CSA investment proposal

3.1 Country-specific business model for linking climate finance to smallholder agriculture developed

3.2 Development of investment project proposal



Output 4: CSA planning and implementing capacity

4.1 Construction of web-based knowledge sharing platform to facilitate iterative learning across stakeholders

4.2 Masters and PhD students on project-related work:
selection just completed

4.3 Training of agricultural and climate change policy-makers on issues of CSA

4.4 Support for agricultural policy-makers in attending international climate change policy processes: SBSTA in Bonn

4.5 Preparation and dissemination of policy briefs on CSA



Break-out sessions

G1: Policy Simulation Development (1) and Facilitated Policy Dialogue (2)

- (1) What are key policy levers/tools that stakeholders are interested in evaluating for CSA
- (2) What are key questions that need to be addressed in the Policy Dialogue
- (2) What would be best mechanisms to facilitate inter-ministry policy dialogue for CSA?



Break-out sessions

G2: Investment Proposal Development (3) and Capacity Building on CSA and Support for Int'l Policy Processes (4)

- (3) What are the institutional options for building the CSA Investment Proposals
- (4) What are key gaps that capacity-building should address, primarily for government
- (4) Are there additional activities to support participation and effectiveness at international meetings?



Break-out sessions

G3: Knowledge Sharing (for each Output) and Feedback on Workplan:

- What are the best mechanisms to make sure the project is accountable and accomplishes its goals (monitoring and evaluation)?
- How can we make sure we get stakeholder feedback?
- What are best practices disseminating final outputs?