

FIRMS

FISHERIES AND RESOURCES MONITORING SYSTEM

Report of the e-TWG on the Global Record of Stocks and Fisheries (GRSF)

Related to Doc. FIRMS FSC12/2021/4c

FISH STOCK



FISH STOCK





- Background: Process; introduction to GRSF
 - Live Demo
- Recommendation of the TWG
 - Status of GRSF system
 - The UN SDG14.4.1 national questionnaires
 - Further enhancements considered by the TWG
 - Recap on the TWG recommendations on GRSF for FSC12
- Additional recommendations for consideration
- Discussions and Conclusions







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>>> ... and the RFBs colleagues, members of FIRMS, who attended the GRSF meetings to drive the development.



➣ The core GRSF group (FIRMS Secretariat, FORTH, SFP, delegation by UW) organized and delivered the e-TWG on GRSF to highlight to partners the work carried out on the GRSF during the intersession period and achievements, and for TWG members to provide feedback and recommendations to the FSC12.

>>> The online meeting was held on the 30th of September and 1st of October 2021.

▷ Participants include FAO, FCWC, GFCM, IOTC, ICES, SEAFDEC, SEAFO, SIOFA, and WECAFC.



Three breakout groups discussed aspects on i) IT interoperability , ii) stock status and monitoring, and iii) Traceability.

>>>> The **TWG formulated recommendations** for further evaluation and possible endorsement at FSC12.

Presentations are available as documents FIRMS FSC12/2021/Inf.8 and FIRMS FSC12/2021/Inf.9

Report as doc. FIRMS FSC12/2021/4





Introduction to GRSF

Origins of GRSF

The SOFIA indicator on the status of stocks should be supported through a collaborative and transparent internet-based process, where those having monitoring responsibilities share information on individual stock status.

Starting with RFBs and extending to Countries.



Introduction to the GRSF

GRSF has <u>two technical objectives</u> in support of two policy goals

 Register a comprehensive <u>list of distinct stocks and</u> <u>fisheries</u> as part of a global repository
 Federate knowledge on <u>status/trends</u> of stocks and fisheries across various sources,

--> provisioning for key services to:

Food and Agriculture

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I. Science stakeholders involved in "regional/global state of stocks indicators"



II. Public and private actors involved in ecolabelling, traceability and sustainable fisheries







GRSF relies upon a strong partnership operating under the FIRMS governance umbrella



Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

Universally Unique Identifiers (UUIDs) applied to Stocks and Fisheries a new innovative global standard



Universally Unique Identifier (UUID)

a web-resolvable digital identifiers to respond to whatever IT standard

Example www.fao.org/grsf/f21113e9-0794-37aa-b7fe-bf49101361f3

- The resolver can be customized
- UUIDs persist in case of changes of the semantic identifiers (i.e. updates of a record)

as a FAO resource



UUID's: A de-facto standard for information collation and sharing

Try the (example) QRCode: Identifies





Introduction to the GRSF



Epinephelus morio - Gulf of Mexico

Short Name: Red grouper - Gulf of Mexico USA waters GRSF Semantic identifier: asfis:GPR+lme:5 Record URL: https://data.d4science.org/ctlg/GRSF/02fecfff-caa0-37b7-8f60-b1c9d21650a7

Stock location

FAO Status



Abundance Level (FIRMS Standard) Epinephelus morio - Gulf of Mexico Go to resource

Abundance Level Epinephelus morio - Gulf of Mexico Go to resource

Biomass Epinephelus morio - Gulf of Mexico Go to resource

Fishing Pressure (FIRMS Standard) Epinephelus morio - Gulf of Mexico Go to resource

Fishing Pressure Epinephelus morio - Gulf of Mexico Go to resource

State and Trend
 Epinephelus morio - Gulf of Mexico
 Go to resource

Fao Categories Epinephelus morio - Gulf of Mexico Go to resource

Catches Epinephelus morio - Gulf of Mexico Go to resource maximally sustainably fished [Ref. Year: 2013]

Example of what a user could get by clicking on the QR code of a commodity etc.



Source: FAO SOFIA 2018.

STANDARD CODING SYSTEM FOR:

- Stocks <Species> + <Assessment Area(s)>
- Fisheries <Species> + <Fishing area(s)/Management area(s)> + <Management Authority(ies)> + <Geartype> + <Flag State>

EXAMPLE OF SEMANTIC IDENTIFIER, AND OF ITS FULL LABEL

asfis:COD + fao:21.3.M + authority:INT:NAFO + isscfg:03.12 + iso3:LTU Gadus morhua - Atlantic, Northwest/21.3.M - Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Organization (NAFO) - NAFO area of competence - Single boat bottom otter trawls - Lithuania





Semantic Identifier: each UUID also has a **human-readable identifier, a new standard coding system** for stocks and fisheries. This is useful for **identification & validation, product labelling,** etc.

Stocks <Species> + <Assessment Area(s)>

Fisheries <Species> + <Fishing Area(s)> + <Management Authority(ies)> + <Geartype> + <Flag State>

Examples of semantic identifiers for stocks and fisheries

Stocks: asfis: GAL + fao: 34.3.13; fao: 34.3.3

Galeoides decadactylus - Sherbro - Atlantic, East central

Fishery: asfis:**COD** + fao:**21.3.M** + int:**NAFO** + isscfg:**OTB** + iso3:**LTU**

Gadus morhua - Atlantic, Northwest/21.3.M -Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Organization (NAFO) -Bottom otter trawls – Lithuania flag state

A semantic identifier implements a flexible combination of standards from CWP, FIRMS and other standards





Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations Introduction to the GRSF

Enrichment of FIRMS records with the new descriptors



Source: FAO, 2019. Elearning: SDG Indicator 14.4.1 - Fish stocks sustainability.

Biological stock: "A subpopulation of a species inhabiting a particular geographic area,

having similar biological characteristics (e.g. growth, reproduction, mortality) and **negligible genetic mixing** with other adjacent subpopulations of the same species (FSC11, May 2019)."

Assessment unit: A group of individuals of one (or more) species that is the object of a stock assessment and/or any other analysis aiming to investigate stock status. The assessment unit is ideally consistent with the biological stock extent, but can be established on another basis according to the purpose of assessment and the nature of the fishery concerned (FSC11, May 2019).

Information exchange requires common standards

Management unit: The area where the fish is caught and which is targeted by a **unique set of measures.** This unit (i.e., one [or more] species in a particular area) has generally been defined at a regional, national or local scale by a management authority, including through stakeholder consultation. For example, the Management unit uses the assessment done in the Assessment unit to define management regulations. (FSC11, May 2019).

Fishing Unit: A fishery targeting a **single species** (or group of species) conducted by a **single flag state** using a **single fishing gear** operating in a water area, which is possibly managed by a single empowered management authority or treaty under a unique set of management measures.



Source: Adapted from FAO Fishing techniques fact sheets



The GRSF is handled in two environments:

- The GRSF Admin for the review/approval/archival of records
- The GRSF Public any users with rights to accessing the catalogue of records and the map viewer



Browse the:

- Catalogue https://i-marine.d4science.org/web/grsf/data-catalogue
- Map Viewer https://i-marine.d4science.org/web/grsf/map-viewer
- Web services and competency queries



Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations Analysis of time-dependent data

Programmatic access to GRSF through APIs enables simple and advanced analyses





Report of the TWG on the GRSF

FIRMS

FIRMS/FSC12/2021/4

The Fisheries and Resource Monitoring System (FIRMS) Technical Working Group Seventh Session

Global Record of Stocks and Fisheries (GRSF)

Online, 30 September 2021 - 1 October 2021

Report

Author: FIRMS Secretariat

Executive Summary

The FIRMS seventh e-TWG was held virtually in two sessions, the first on the Tuna Atlas (22 February 2021, 25 and 26 February 2021), and the second on the GRSF (30 September 2021 and 1 October 2021)

The objectives of this e-TWG on the GRSF were to highlight to partners the work carried out so far on the GRSF and its developments during the intersession period, and for TWG members to provide feedback and recommendations to the FSC12.

The topics presented during the e-TWG are summarized in the two presentations referenced in Annex 5.

Following discussions held over the two days (Annex 3 and 4), the TWG formulated recommendations for further evaluation and possible endorsement at FSC12.

CONDUCT OF THE MEETING

The Seventh Session of the FIRMS Technical Working Group (TWG) e-meeting, on the Global Record of Stocks and Fisheries (GRSF), was opened by its coordinator, Ms Nancie Cummings (NOAA – WECAFC-FIRMS regional focal point) at 14.00 hrs, Rome time (CET) on Thursday 30th September 2021. She welcomed the representatives of the following FIRMS Partners: FCWC, IATTC, ICCAT, ICES, NAFO, IOTC, SEAFO, SPRFMO, WECAFC and of the FIRMS associated Partners: SFP, FORTH, also noting that UW could not attend but had prepared contributions to be delivered during the meeting (see Annex 1 List of Participants).

1 List of Purbopurits).

Constraining (PROME - WECK) - TREAM implement local point in LALETIN, receive annu (CET) on Thursday 30° September 2021. She welcomed the representatives of the following PREAM Partners: FCWC, IATTC, ICCAT, ICCES, NALO, POTC, SEAFO, SHPEMO, WECAP, Card of the FIBMS associated Partners. SFP, FORTH, also noting that UVV could not affend but had prepared contributions to be delivered during the meeting (see Armox

ANNEX 3 - SUMMARY DAY 1

The TWG was presented the status of the GRSF system and database, with contributions testifying:

- A robust and well-functioning system periodically refreshed, offering a vi access and dissemination features, ranging from a simple Map viewer f general public, through to competency queries for pre-defined extraction web-based services (APIs) for advanced analyses
- A closely-controlled and monitored validation mechanism for Stock Ider which aims at ensuring the quality and uniqueness of records, complian agreed standards or conventions.
- The GRSF infrastructure and the UUIDs offer interoperability for data ec and mutual enrichments with other databases (federation of systems)
- With over 1500 stocks approved to date, and over 1600 still pending ap GRSF may be considered a central repository to acceps the World's un stocks and stock status data and information.

Stocks in GRSF have operational-level granularity. Geographic coverage, pres

- The oceans and seas around Europe, Africa, North and South America, and New Zealand are well covered.
- South Asia, South-East Asia, and the Pacific are not as well covered

Content and temporal coverage of the various indicators supporting stock statu monitoring, presently.

including

partners.

the GRSF

resolution.

and fishery reports.

efficiency of reporting

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FSC12

The TWG outlined GRSF topics which required further consideration by FSC12

Note that classifications of FIRMS stock as Biological, Assessment or

Management Units are on-going and will require inputs or validations from FIRMS

2. Recognition of the importance of the timely submission of updated stock status

Recommendation to incorporate FishStat in GRSF and further investigate how

Recommendation to continue working on the integration of SDG 14.4.1 data into

5. Recommendation to develop approaches and standards for increased geospatial

Recommendation that GRSF data providers consider how to best complement.

guidelines on GRSF data requirements and the streamlining flow to SOFIA. Such could take into account the levels of knowledge on stocks (including data poor situations) to improve guidance to partners on data priorities and to optimize the

each other in order to optimize data collection efforts of the Partnership.

II. Recommendation to improve and simplify communication and to develop

FishStat - GRSF relationships can improve global stock status analysis.

6. Recommendation to review the proposed Traceability Unit standard in

conjunction with the planned revision of the SDG questionnaire.

Time series of 25)

Recent data within

The UN SDG14.4.1 natio significantly increase GR

 Applying UUIDs fi contributing to sta validation burden

 SDG 14.4.1 Data will be published, by FAO unless of

Likewise for Stocks, a co "store" of over 12,000 Fis

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will be published, by FAO urlines of

200-1111-000

Key points and associated recommendations

ANNEX 4 - BREAKOUT ROOM DISCUSSIONS DAY 2

Break out group: GRSF IT services and interoperability aspects

- The GRSF returns stocks and fisheries identifiers to data providers once records are validated, the data providers remain the owner of its stocks & fisheries list.
- A test endpoint is desirable to initiate testing submission and receipt of stock information.
- GECM is already considering the use of both unique identifiers and semantic IDs to improve stock assessment data management, hence there is a solid ground to streamline interoperability with the GRSF. In this connection, the GECM Secretariat will explore the standards developed so far in the remit of the GRSF APIs.
- The GFCM advises the preparation of guidelines documenting good practices for the implementation of data flows from RFMOs to the FIRMS/GRSF and ultimately to SOFIA (e.g. required metadata, stocks descriptors and indicators). These should include both technical and general provisions (i.e. to ensure proper

visions (re. to ensure proper visions (re. to ensure proper vision), in SOFIA), lers to identify the GRSF UUID for a ng the information available and get ears (names, codes) including those management units to needed to highlight overlapping sort out the matter for proper

possible connections between

ring

F and FishStat, there is a need to GRSF, and improve the GRSF ind validation of new records. There

² and FishStat, there is a need to GRSF, and exprove the GRSF of velocities of new records. There,

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Key points (1)

The TWG was presented the status of the GRSF system and database, with contributions testifying:

- A **robust and well-functioning system p**eriodically refreshed, offering a variety of access and dissemination features, ranging from a simple **map viewer and catalogue** for the general public, through to **competency queries** for pre-defined extractions, and web services (APIs) for advanced analyses.
- A closely-controlled and monitored **validation mechanism** for Stock Identifiers which aims at ensuring the quality and uniqueness of records, compliance with agreed standards or conventions.
- The GRSF **infrastructure and the UUIDs offer interoperability for data exchanges** and mutual enrichments with other databases (federation of systems).





Key points (1 cont.)

- With over 1500 stocks approved to date, and over 1600 still pending approval, GRSF may be considered a central repository to access the World's unique list of stocks and stock status data and information.
- **UUID and semantic identifiers** assigned to all published GRSF records.
- Likewise for Stocks, a controlled process prevails for the generation of a very significant "store" of over 12,000 Fishing units.

Record types	Total number						
	Total	Арр	Arch	Pend			
Assessment unit	2807	1519	72	1216			
Marine resource	481	22	9	450			
Stocks from source systems	3645						

Fishing unit	12622	91	
Other fishery	905		
Fisheries from source systems	4287		



Database coverage – the contribution of various sources

Record types		Total nu	mber		Uniquely sourced from			Jointly sourced from			
necora types	Total	Арр	Arch	Pend	FIRMS	FishSource	RAM	FIRMS FishSource RAM	FIRMS RAM	FishSource RAM	FIRMS FishSource
Assessment unit	2807	1519	72	1216	589	769	1195	73	90	54	37
Marine resource	481	22	9	450	27	454	0	-	-	-	-
Stocks from source systems	3645				836	1397	1412				

Fishing unit	12622	91		8869	3753	-	-	-	-	-
Other fishery	905			896	9	-	-	-	-	-
Fisheries from source systems	4287			279	4008	-				



Status of GRSF system

The integration of UUIDs in partners DBs

Testing the GRSF proposed standards by integrating the new fish stock and fisheries identifiers in multiple databases for different possible utilizations

RAM Database: UUIDs added in the RAMLDB for all the approved/archived records (974 out of 1412)

ICES: UUIDs are not yet enacted in ICES databases but the task has been included in the ICES Secretariat's workplan. UUIDs will be incorporated in the ICES vocabularies and then visible through <u>Stock Assessment Graphs</u> and the <u>Stock Information</u> <u>Database</u>. Hence, UUIDs will be visible against ICES stock keys. **FIRMS Database:** UUIDs returned for each FIRMS record. Not yet displayed due to the ongoing upgrade of the FIGIS engine and the new FAO-NFI website

FishSource Database: UUIDs for approved records displayed on FishSource stock and fishery profiles

Others: ...

Partners are encouraged to give a try!



Status of GRSF system

Key points (1) - recap

The TWG was presented the status of the GRSF system and database, with contributions testifying:

- A robust and well-functioning system periodically refreshed, offering a variety of access and dissemination features, ranging from a simple map viewer and catalogue for the general public, through to competency queries for pre-defined extractions, and web services (APIs) for advanced analyses.
- A closely-controlled and monitored validation mechanism for Stock Identifiers which aims at ensuring the quality and uniqueness of records, compliance with agreed standards or conventions.
- The GRSF infrastructure and the UUIDs offer interoperability for data exchanges and mutual enrichments with other databases (federation of systems).
- With over **1500** stocks approved to date, and over **1600** still pending approval, GRSF may be considered a central repository to access the World's **unique** list of stocks and stock status data and information.
- **UUID** and **semantic** identifiers assigned to all published GRSF records.
- Likewise for Stocks, a controlled process prevails for the generation of a very significant "store" of over 12,000 Fishing units.

TWG recommendations on GRSF for FSC12

In **completing the validation** of the records:

1. Note that classifications of FIRMS stock as Biological, Assessment or Management Units are ongoing and will require inputs or validations from FIRMS partners.





Key Points (2)

Stocks in GRSF have **operational-level granularity**.

- Re. Geographic coverage, presently
- The oceans and seas around Europe, Africa, North and South America, Australia and New Zealand are well covered.
- South Asia, South-East Asia, and the Pacific are not as well covered.





Food and Agriculture Status of GRSF system Key Points (2) - elaboration Organization of the United Nations

Inventory of fish stocks - Contribution of various sources to the geographic coverage



Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations Status of GRSF system

Key Points (3)

-GRSF-

Stocks in GRSF have **operational-level** granularity. Re Content and temporal coverage of the various indicators supporting stock status and monitoring, presently

- Time series of 25 years constitutes a strong feature of GRSF.
- Recent data within the last 5 years presents a weaker reality of





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Number of time series



Status of GRSF system

Key Points (2-3) - recap

Stocks in GRSF have operational-level granularity.

Geographic coverage, presently

- The oceans and seas around Europe, Africa, North and South America, Australia and New Zealand are well covered.
- South Asia, South-East Asia, and the Pacific are not as well covered.

Content and <u>temporal coverage</u> of the various indicators supporting stock status and monitoring, presently:

- Time series of 25 years constitutes a strong feature of GRSF.
- Recent data within the last 5 years presents a weaker reality of GRSF.

TWG recommendations on GRSF for FSC12

2. Recognition of the **importance of the timely submission** of updated stock status and fishery reports.

7. Recommendation that **GRSF data providers consider how to best complement each other** in order to optimize data collection efforts of the Partnership.

Food and Agriculture The UN SDG14.4.1 national questionnaires ...

... represents an <u>additional resource</u> which can significantly increase GRSF Geographic / Stocks / and Stocks status coverage

Key Points (4) - elaboration

SUSTAINABLE G





Target 14.4

By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices and implement science-based management plans, in order to restore fish stocks in the shortest time feasible, at least to levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield as determined by their biological characteristics.

Organization of the United Nations

Proportion of fish stocks within biologically sustainable levels



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The UN SDG14.4.1 national questionnaires ...

... represents a resource which can significantly increase GRSF Geographic / Stocks / and Stocks status coverage

Key Points (4) - elaboration

 FAO's Questionnaire inclu	udes the following sheets:	
1. Reference List	2. Stock information	3. Supporting timeseries

- Source of the stocks of stocks proposed by countries, and new stocks will be assigned a UUID to collate new and existing data via semi-automated workflow
- >>> First-level quality assurance of questionnaires
 - >>> Verify species, area, stock type
 - >>> Facilitate reviews and updates
- UUIDs will be integrated into next questionnaires and distributed to countries
 Stabilise countries' reference list of stocks; and
 Streamline country reporting



Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations The UN SDG14.4.1 national questionnaires ... Key Points (4) - elaboration

Prospects from the integration of new data source from national SDG14.4.1 questionnaires

- >>>> While GRSF coverage is good, SDG stocks can add important number of stocks and records
- CRSF will grow with new records from countries, available for consideration in the global indicator



SDG stocks mapped to GRSF for 36 of the higher-quality questionnaires, i.e. 65% of stocks reported via





The UN SDG14.4.1 national questionnaires ...

Key Points (4) - recap

The SDG 14.4.1 national questionnaires represent a resource which can **significantly increase GRSF Geographic / Stocks / and Stocks status coverage through:**

• Applying UUIDs for SDG14.4.1 sourced stocks enhance Quality Assurance contributing to stability of national reference stocks list, and to reduce the validation burden.

• SDG 14.4.1 Data dissemination policy: only UUIDs and key identity information will be published, while content/time dependent data remains confidential for use by FAO unless otherwise agreed to by countries.

TWG recommendations on GRSF for FSC12

4. Recommendation to continue working on the integration of SDG 14.4.1 data into the GRSF.



Food and Agriculture **Further enhancement considered by the TWG** Organization of the

Key Points (5)

Inited Nation

Considering the respective strengths and weaknesses of GRSF and FishStat regarding coverage, granularity and timeliness, the TWG identified benefits of combining FishStat and GRSF records for global stock status analysis.









Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations Further enhancement considered by the TWG

Key Points (5) - elaboration

FishStat has high global coverage of species by area and timely catch data

GRSF may complement FishStat by :

1) increased granularity available in GRSF relative to FishStatJ

GRSF data can map single-species records to higher-order taxonomic groups in FishStatJ; e.g. 9 different species in GRSF mapped to "Serranidae" in FishStat
GRSF can add "new" species that are not currently reported in FishStat, e.g., In Area 31, GRSF has 34 species not found in FishStat
GRSF records are at the assessment unit, and can map mulitple assessment units per country or per FAO major fishing area (or subarea) relative to FishStat, e.g., In Area 37, GRSF has up to 16 UUIDs per species

2) GRSF can add other time-dependent data in addition to FishStatJ catch.

 e.g., 226/298 UUIDs for these areas have some time-dependent data, with utility of these data assessed for :

•timeliness (data within last 5 years)

•duration of time series (>25 years of data)



Pilot areas 31, 37



Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

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Timeliness of reporting





stock status categories with reference years within last 5 years

Key Points (5) - elaboration

Pilot areas 31, 37





Length of time series



Time series >=25 years long : 62% abundance level, 26% catch, 40% fishing pressure

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations Further enhancement considered by the TWG

Key Points (5) - recap

Considering the respective strengths and weaknesses of GRSF and FishStat regarding coverage, granularity and timeliness, the TWG identified benefits of combining FishStat and GRSF records for global stock status analysis.

TWG recommendations on GRSF for FSC12

3. Recommendation to incorporate FishStat in GRSF and further investigate how FishStat - GRSF relationships can improve global stock status analysis.

(from the breakout groups)

- Identify reporting gaps on either FishStat or GRSF to improve complementarity with the addition and validation of new records to GRSF.
- A more detailed analysis on what the three data sources (FIRMS, FishSource, RAM) cover and how they complement FishStat
- Enhanced granularity with GRSF. Mapping at the level of
 1:1 between FishStat and GRSF, to investigate percentage of catch is
 covered by the GRSF to determine how to raise finer-scale stocks in
 GRSF to larger-scale species-by-area and thus how to assign UUIDs
 to FishStat records.

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations Further enhancement considered by the TWG

Key Points (6)

Regarding the GRSF in support of Traceability, the need for a **refined and unambiguous concept of "Traceability unit" (TU)** was presented to the TWG, with "**fishing area**" broken down between "**Assessment area**" and "**Management area**". The TWG supports further elaboration of this new concept, noting:

• A workflow generating TUs can build on the existing GRSF data model (Assessment Units and Fishing units), while validation of TUs (including the new Management area field) will be performed by traceability business partners.





Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations Further enhancement considered by the TWG Key Points (6) - elaboration

Required improvements on standards – New concept/definitions - Traceability units

Seafood industry actively requiring an ID to identify fisheries:

- Identification of their sources throughout supply chain
- Support evaluations of sustainability

To meet this requirement, 3 main needs in relation to fishing units:

- 1. Fishery linked to a single stock record
- 2. Define management units via "management or reporting areas" instead of "fishing areas"
- 3. Resolve how to identify the Marine Resource type of Stock record where no assessment is conducted

The proposed **Traceability Unit** semantic ID is structured as follows:

<Species> + <Assessment Area(s)> + <Management or Reporting Area(s)> + <Management Authority(ies)> + <Gear type> + <Flag State>

Example of a semantic ID:

asfis:HAD + FAO: 27.4, 27.6.a, 27.3.a.20 + eu: HAD/5BC6A + authority: int:EC, NEAFC + isscfg:OTB + iso3:ESP



Key Points (6) - elaboration

•Assessment unit : Species + Assessment Area •Management unit : Species + Management Area •Other, e.g. marine resource, biological stock : Species + other area definition

Assessment area – geographical delineation/boundary for the area over which the stock is assessed.

Geographic boundaries based on – Statistical areas, ecological areas such as LMEs or ecoregions, ICES functional units

Management area – geographical delineation/boundary for the area where specific management measures apply

Boundaries based on – RFB competence areas, Jurisdictional areas, species specific management areas, such as for ICCAT.

Management Unit Original: "The area where the fish was caught and which is targeted by a unique set of measures. This unit (i.e. one or more - species in a particular area) has generally been defined at regional, national or local scale by a management authority including through stakeholder consultation."

Note: Management units may be used for setting the basis for stock status determination, and may not correspond to the biological stock.

Management Unit Proposed: "A group of individuals of one (or more) species in an area where the fish were caught and which is targeted by a unique set of measures. This unit *(i.e. one or more species in a particular area)* has generally been defined at regional, national or local scale and includes information of the management authorities that set the measure including through stakeholder consultation."

Note: Management units may be used for setting the basis for stock status determination, and may not correspond to the biological stock. FIRMS

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations Further enhancement considered by the TWG

Key Points (6) - recap

Regarding the GRSF in support of Traceability, the **need for a refined and unambiguous concept of "Traceability unit" (TU)** was presented to the TWG, with **"fishing area"** broken down between **"Assessment area"** and **"Management area"**. The TWG supports further elaboration of this new concept, noting

• A workflow generating TUs can build on the existing GRSF data model (Assessment Units and Fishing units), while validation of TUs (including the new Management area field) will be performed by traceability business partners.

TWG recommendations on GRSF for FSC12

6. Recommendation to **review** the proposed**Traceability Unit** standard in conjunction withthe planned revision of the SDG questionnaire.



Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations Further enhancement considered by the TWG

Key Points (7-8)

- GRSF faces the lack of globally accepted geographic standards for the stocks identified at national levels, in particular concerning countries with extensive EEZs or with more advanced management strategies.
- The Stocks pending approval, the integration of national questionnaires, and the proposed traceability units, will greatly <u>benefit from developing approaches and of geospatial data.</u>



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Key Points (7-8) - elaboration

Required improvements on standards - geographic resolution of records

Example of lack of area standards:

Mexico Gulf of California shrimp:

- Three different species, assessed by state
- Blue shrimp: 4 AUs: Sonora, Sinaloa-Nayarit, Upper GoC, Bahía Magdalena

Partial potential solution:

- Similar to EEZ which defines regional/state waters by ISO 3166 alpha-3 country code
- ISO 3166-2 defines subdivision codes, e.g., MX-SON, MX-SIN, which could be used to define state waters

Full solution: locating and compiling nationally/regionally defined areas!

- In FishSource, all were defined as within "FAO 77"
- Defining uniqueness by areas is setting a higher standard







Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations Further enhancement considered by the TWG

Key Points (7-8) - recap

- GRSF faces the lack of globally accepted geographic stan dards for the stocks identified at national levels, in particul ar concerning countries with extensive EEZs or with more advanced management strategies
- The stocks pending approval, the integration of national q uestionnaires, and the proposed traceability units, will gre atly benefit from developing approaches and of geospatial data.

TWG recommendations on GRSF for FSC12

5. Recommendation to develop approaches and standards for increased geospatial resolution.

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations Further enhancement considered by the TWG

Other Recommendations

8. Recommendation to **improve and simplify communication** and to **develop guidelines on GRSF** data requirements and the streamlining flow to SOFIA.

Such could take into account the levels of knowledge on stocks (including data poor situations) to improve guidance to partners on data priorities and to optimize the efficiency of reporting:

- a. The fields **CPUE, Effort** and **Length Frequencies** to be considered for addition in GRSF considering their particular interest if available in data poor situations.
- b. The **10 GRSF data fields to be regrouped into five main categories** (Stock status, Abundance, Fishing pressure, Catch/Landings) including a new category for Length data FIRMS Partners (and system) can work towards adapting their status reports to meet GRSF data requirements against these 5 main categories.

Time Dependent Indicators	Description	C	Data Provider				
Time Dependent Indicators	Description	FIRMS	FishSource	RAM			
Abundance (quantitative/qualitative descriptor,	Biomass time series/reference points, CPUEs,	\checkmark	1	1			
time series)	FIRMS standard abundance level		•	•			
Fishing Pressure	Fishing mortality time series/reference points, Effort,	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
(quantitative/qualitative descriptor)	FIRMS standard exploitation rate		•	-			
Stock Status Categories	FAO categories, FIRMS standard descriptors,	\checkmark					
(qualitative descriptor, narrative)	State and trends, scientific advice						
Catches and Landings	Time series	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
Length Frequencies	Time series						

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations Further enhancement considered by the TWG

Proposal for the Recommendation #8 (simplify the communication)

Proposed main data categories	Time-dependent indicators	Minimum reporting requirement Main typologies				
		FIRMS Reports	RAM reports	SFP reports		
Catch/Landings	Time series					
Stock Status Categories	FAO categories or FIRMS standard descriptors	When mapped				
	State and trends					
	Scientific advice					
Abundance	FIRMS standard abundance level	When mapped				
	Biomass time series					
	Biomass reference points					
	CPUE	In cases where essential or desirable data are missir when available (data poor context)				
Fishing Pressure	FIRMS standard exploitation rate	When mapped				
	Fishing pressure time series					
	Fishing pressure reference points					
	Effort	In cases where essential or desirable data are missing,				
Length frequency	Time series	In cases where essential or desirable data a missing, when available (data poor context				
Simplified communication via:				Ess		
- grouping similar data types, which helps identi	iy equivalences in level of knowledge on stock status across sources	5		De		

- highlighting minimum data requirements for each typologies (at this stage, typologies correspond to data sources)

- noting potential contributions to aid in rapid assessment of data-limited stocks, when data are available



Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations Further enhancement considered by the TWG

Other recommendations

- 9. Recommendation that FIRMS partners:
 - a. Work towards adapting their data reporting on stocks towards such revised GRSF data requirements/guidelines.
 - b. Present their ideas for the use of GRSF.
 - c. Reach out to countries on the use of UUIDs, including for SDG14.4.1 purposes.
 - d. Provide any contribution to the increased geographic resolution.

10. Recommendation that **FIRMS Partners and collaborative Partners** present their intended GRSF Content/data use to FIRMS SC for review and approval.

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

Other recommendations

11. In terms of **reaching out**:

- a. Recommendation to well clarify the concept of "Traceability unit" for further discussions with stakeholders.
- b. Recommendation to reach out to external collaborators such as MSC who if using UUIDs can bring more knowledge on stock status including in data limited situations.
- c. Welcomes the **implementation of pilot field projects by FIRMS Partners** for testing the use of GRSF UUIDs for traceability purpose along the value chain, so to inform on stakeholders and countries feedback on the matter.

12. Recommendation that **tailored training approaches** be developed on GRSF including one-to-one meetings or workshops to better communicate on possible GRSF benefits according to the capacities of various partners.

Food and Agriculture **Recap on the TWG recommendations on GRSF for FSC12** Organization of the

- Note that **classifications of FIRMS stock** as Biological, Assessment or Management Units is on-going and will require inputs or validations from FIRMS partners.
- Recognition of the importance of the **timely submission** of updated stock status and fishery reports. 2.
- 3. Recommendation to enable FishStat in GRSF and further investigate how FishStat - GRSF relations can improve global stock status analysis.
- Recommendation to **continue working on the integration of SDG 14.4.1 data** into the GRSF. 4.

United Nations

- Recommendation to develop approaches and standards for increased geospatial resolution. 5.
- Recommendation to **review the proposed Traceability Unit standard** in conjunction with the planned revision of the SDG 6. questionnaire.
- Recommendation that GRSF data providers consider how to best complement each other in order to optimize data 7. collection efforts of the Partnership.
- Recommendation to improve and simplify communication and to develop guidelines on GRSF data requirements and the 8. **streamlining flow** to SOFIA. Such could take into account the levels of knowledge on stocks (including data poor situations) to improve guidance to partners on data priorities and to optimize the efficiency of reporting:
 - a) The fields CPUE, Effort and Length Frequencies to be considered for addition in GRSF considering their particular interest if available in data poor situations.
 - The 10 GRSF data fields to be regrouped into five main categories (Stock status, Abundance, Fishing pressure, b) Catch/Landings) including a new category for Length data FIRMS Partners (and system) can work towards adapting their status reports to meet GRSF data requirements against these 5 main categories.

Recap on the TWG recommendations on GRSF for FSC12

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Additional suggested recommendation from Secretariat, for consideration

13. Capacity building in data poor situations

Recognizing the **contrasting capacities to participate** for the different members, consider the best ways to mobilize capacities and resources in data poor regions (e.g., South-Asia) in order to bring more data and information on stocks.

Such may include:

- building collaboration towards long-term improvements in data collection as a starting point towards improving reporting in the region
- creating an online questionnaire to assess how a FIRMS partner can work with FAO/FIRMS to report the stock status of some species by some "champion" countries whose national data collection have improved recently
- identify and publish the research and/ or datasets supporting evidence on status of fisheries and fishery resources



Additional suggested recommendation from Secretariat, for consideration

14. ad-interim Access and Use of GRSF data and Behavior of the GRSF system

- 1. <u>Publicly</u> available data only approved records, including:
- a) <u>Stock Identities</u> (Stock name, UUID/Semantic Identifier, Location/map, and info on available data) available via Web interfaces and services as data dumps
 - i. will include validated National SDG14.4.1 records
- b) Stock/Fishery status, ...?, on a record-by-record query basis (e.g. via QR code)
- c) UUIDs integrated in Partners or external Databases, disseminated as per these databases policies

2. <u>Restricted Access</u> area upon granting authorization to users

- a) Authorized users: all FIRMS Partners and Collaborative Partners (Ref. FIRMS FSC-TWG contacts)
- b) ... can access: time-dependent data from published sources available via Web interfaces and services as data dumps
 - i. National SDG14.4.1 time-dependent data only available to relevant FAO staff
- c) ... should indicate to FSC (through the FIRMS Secretariat) their intended use, deemed accepted in absence of FSC's objection within a month from Secretariat notification
- d) Other users can be authorized in absence of FSC objection after a month FSC has been notified of the user and intended use by the Secretariat





Discussions and Conclusions





↔ GRSF catalogue <u>https://i-marine.d4science.org/web/grsf/data-catalogue</u>

∞ GRSF map viewer <u>https://i-marine.d4science.org/web/grsf/map-viewer</u>



Report on the e-TWG7 on the GRSF <u>https://www.fao.org/fileadmin/user_upload/faoweb/FI_Meetings/FIRMS/FSC12/4e.pdf</u>





Тhank you • Merci Благодарю • ¡Muchas gracias! 謝謝 • شکر ١

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