Inclusive forest-positive agriculture through integrated landscape approaches:

THE ROLE OF THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT IN MEXICO











Mexico's context





POPULATION GROWTH WW

MILLION PEOPLE FOR 2030 (FAO)

MEXICO'S AGRICULTURAL FRONTIER

MILLION ARABLE HECTARES (SIAP)

GRASSLANDS, FOREST, **SCRUPLANDS AND DESERTS**

MILLION HECTARES NOT SUITABLE FOR AGRICULTURE (SEMARNAT)

CLIMATE CHANGE MEXICO IS LOCATED WITHIN THE

COUNTRIES WITH THE GREATEST IMPACT OF CLIMATE CHANGE (ÍRC 2018)

View of Agricultural Sector

Current approach

- Food self-sufficiency and Food Security
- Government support mainly small and medium farmers, do not let anybody behind.
- Sustainable agricultural practices.
- Goals: natural resources conservation, ecosystem services and sustainable agricultural productivity.

Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development

Timeline Policies related to **Forest-Positive Agriculture**









2011

Territorial development in forest areas with agricultural activity



CONAFOR

COP 13 Mainstreaming Biodiversity

2016

Integration and alignment of public policies agricultural and forestry

SAGARPA

CONAFOR



2018

Sustainable Forestry Development Law



2021

Prevent fires due to the use of fire in forest and agricultural areas

2010

National forest fire protection program



CONAFOR

2015

Forest fire prevention and combat



2017

Integration of Subsidy exclusion biodiversity to projects develop to agriculture on deforested areas



2020

Mainstreaming Biodiversity in Rural Landscapes of Mexico





SEMARNAT Secretaría del Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources



Comisión Nacional Forestal National Forestry Commission



SAGARPA (2000-2018) Secretaría de Agricultura, Ganadería, Desarrollo Rural, Pesca y Alimentación Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock, Rural Development, Fisheries and Food







Global Environment Facility

Wildfires in Forest Areas 2020







Highway clean

CONAFOR, 2020

Affected Areas

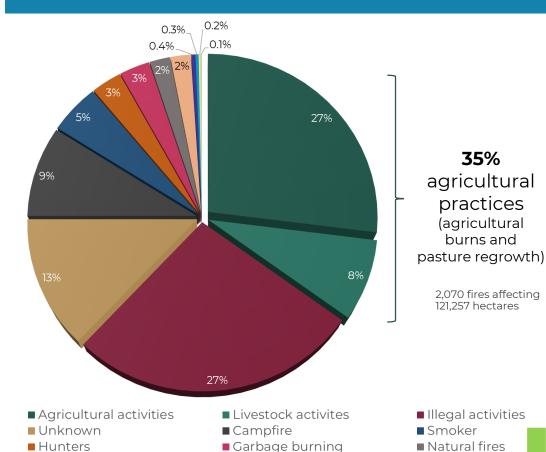
378,928 ha. of forest were affected by 5,913 fires

Baja California, Guerrero, Quintana Roo, Jalisco and Oaxaca represent **58.3%** of the affectations



State	Affected area (ha)
Baja California	79,299
Guerrero	49,413
Quintana Roo	41,678
Jalisco	29,677
Oaxaca	20,693
Michoacán	19,767
Chiapas	17,927
Durango	12,901
Nayarit	11,740
Campeche	10,946
Subtotal	294,040
National (%)	78
Other	84,888
TOTAL	378,928

Possible causes



■ Other productive activities ■ Forest harvesting residues

■ Transportation

Festivals and rituals

Efforts to reduce the use of fire in agriculture







Sustainable Forestry Development Law

Art 24. Sec. VII. Design and apply a strategy for fire management and promote agricultural production

alternatives that exclude the use of fire.

Official Mexican Rule

NOM-015-SEMARNAT/SAGARPA-2007 Updating process

This NOM established the technical specifications and methods for the use of forest fires and agricultural burns.

Agricultural Subsidy Exclusion

Subsidy exclusion to projects develop on deforested areas outside the agricultural frontier.

Agriculture Development Program (2017-2019)



Agriculture, Livestock, Fishing and Aquaculture Development Program (2020-2021)

Government Actions



#MiParcelaNoSeQuema





- Capacity building to promote alternative practices (conservation agriculture) to benefit soil and water quality by MasAgro Program in collaboration with CIMMYT.
- Promoting online videos for different states (Chiapas, Guerrero, Hidalgo, México, and other states) presenting alternative practices and explaining NOM-015.
- Campaign to create awareness among farmers, through radio and social networks.
- Incendios y Quemas Mx App. Application to notify controlled agricultural burns and forest fires.

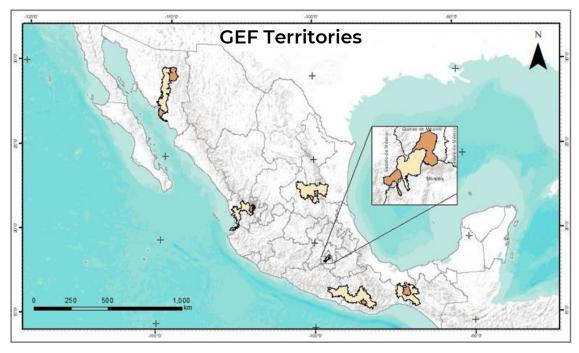
Mainstreaming Biodiversity in Rural Landscapes of Mexico

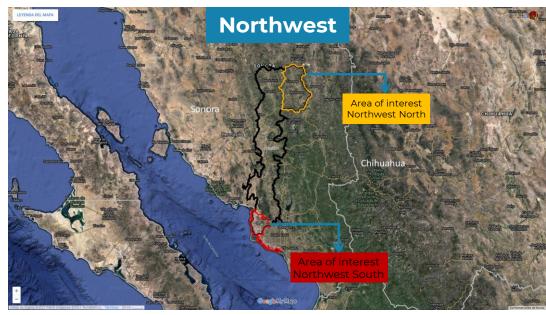






Objective: Mainstream biodiversity in rural landscapes by implementing sustainable policies and practices in the agricultural sector.





- > Improve water management
- Promote forest conservation & restoration
- Soil restoration
- Crop planning strategy
- Promote natural connectivity



Actions that contribute to forestpositive agriculture





National Strategy for the Conservation and Sustainable Use of Pollinators (ENCUSP)



- Short, medium, and long term actions
- Recognize interrelations between natural ecosystems and ecosystem services for agriculture
- Interlinks between CC, biodiversity and food security

7. LANDSCAPE, CONNECTIVITY AND BIOCULTURAL ASPECTS

Specific action 7.1.1 Promote the **conservation of habitats,** vegetation and native germplasm at landscape level.

Specific action 7.1.3 Promote a comprehensive and participatory **territorial planning.**

8. PROMOTING SUSTAINABLE AND BIODIVERSITY-FRIENDLY PRODUCTION

Specific action 8.1.1 Promote agricultural practices favorable to pollinators, that include **actions that reduce deforestatio**n and desertification, efficient pesticide management and conversion of monocultures to diversified systems.

Estrategia Nacional para la Conservación y Uso Sustentable de los Polinizadores (ENCUSP)





AGRICULTURA

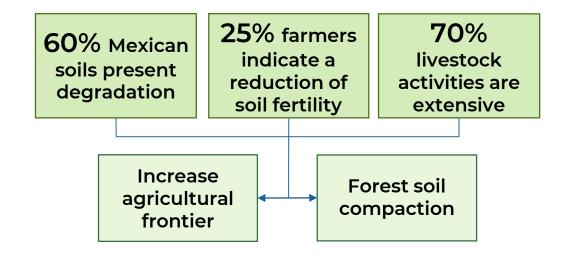
MEDIO AMBIENT

Actions that contribute to forestpositive agriculture





National Soil Strategy for Sustainable Agriculture*



Objective: Conservation, restoration and promotion of sustainable soil management for agriculture, food and well-being.

Focal points:



- Sustainable soil management
- Information and monitoring system
- Education, awareness, and participation
- Research, innovation, development, and technology transfer
- Coordination and cooperation
- Soil governance

