



Integrating agriculture & nutrition: key concepts and issues

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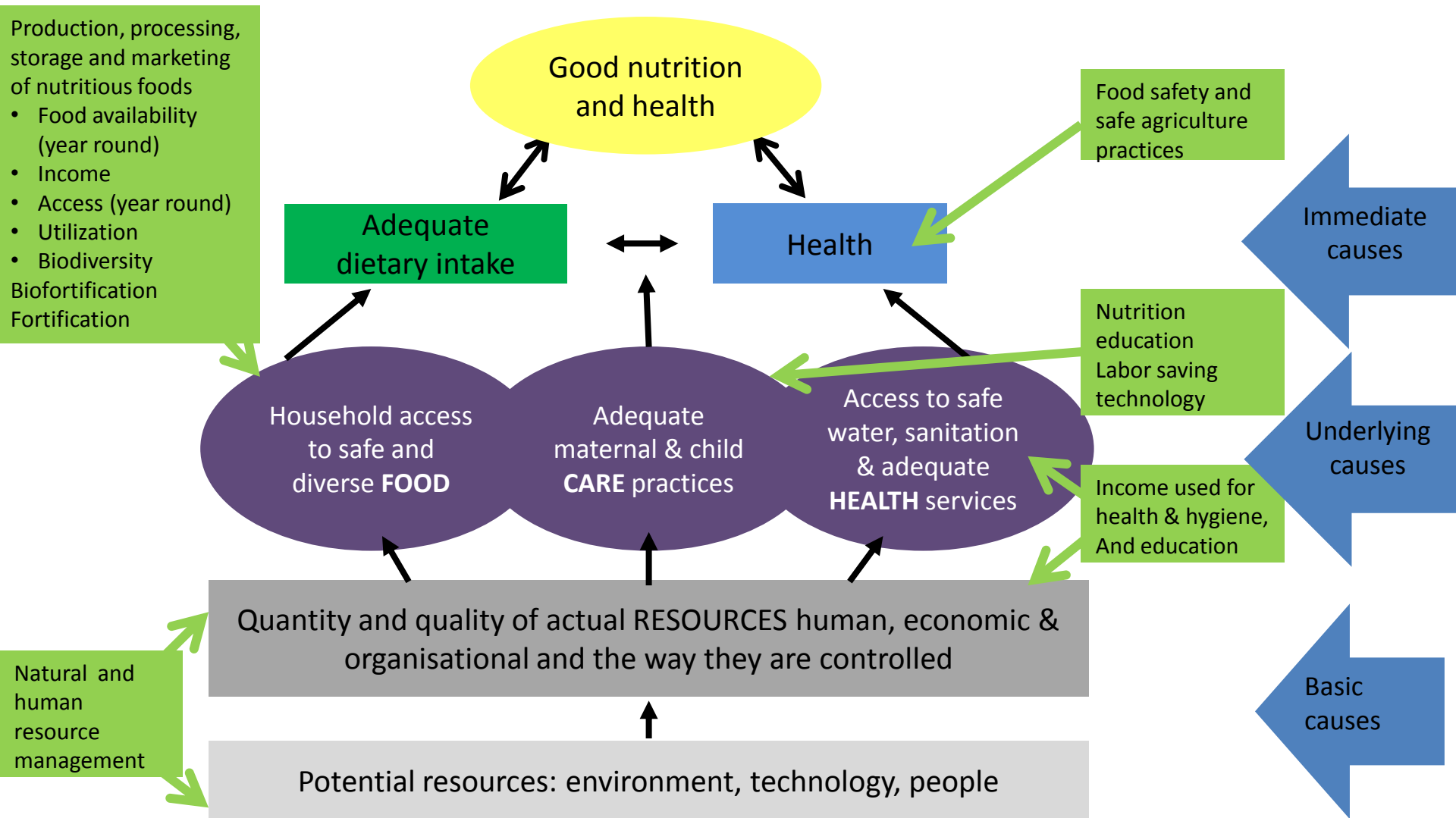


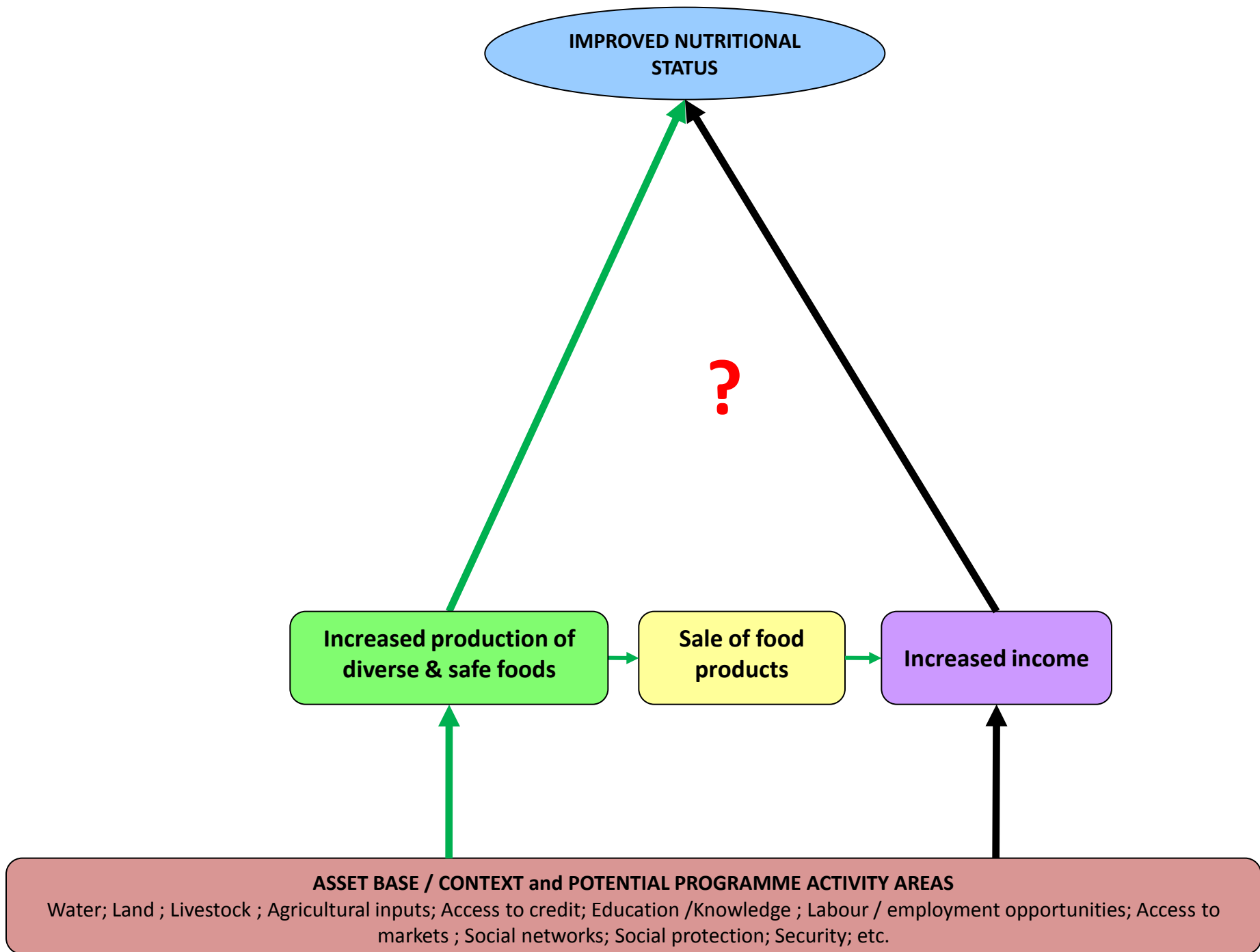
True or false?

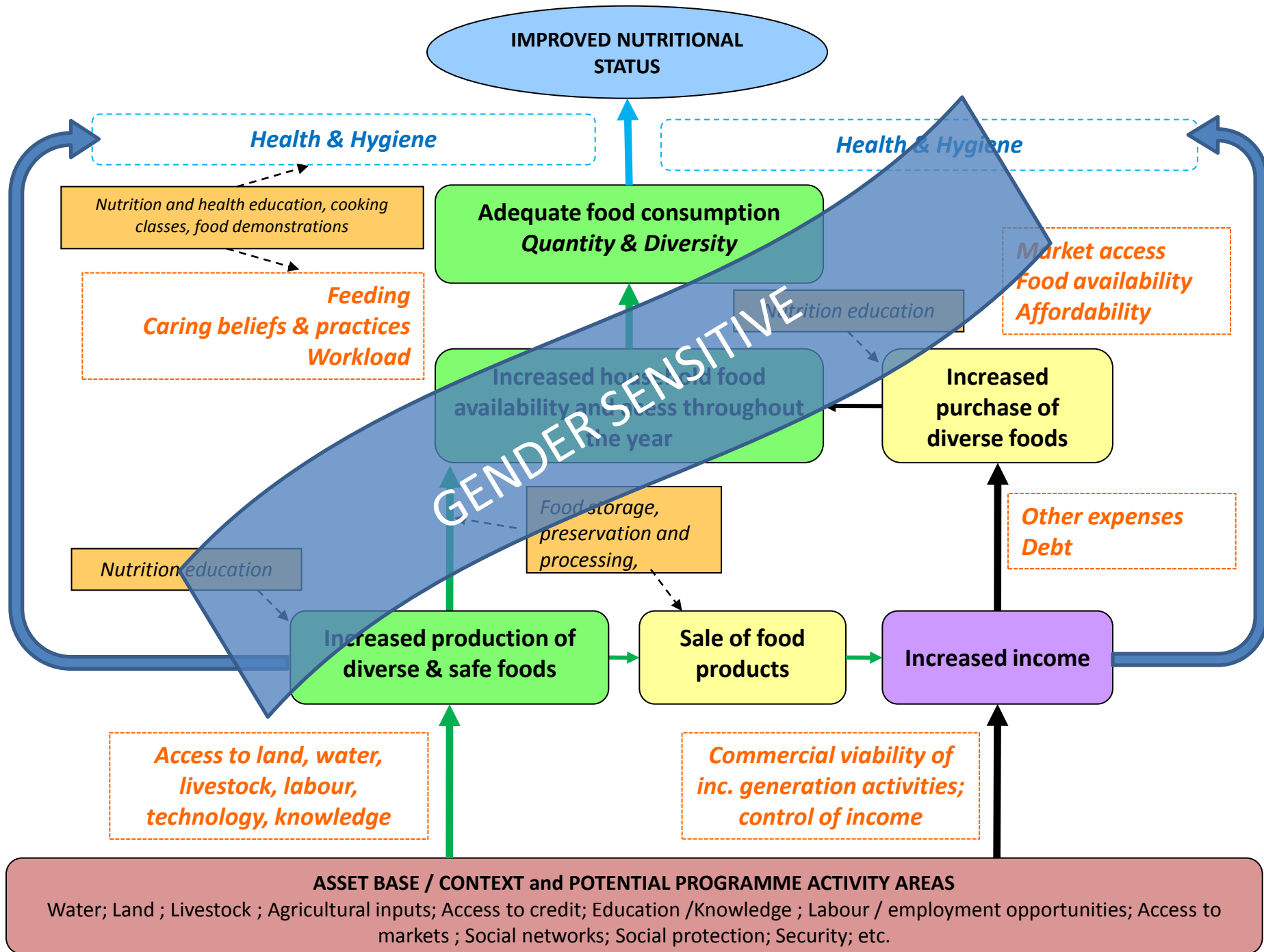
- The most food insecure regions of a country will have the highest rates of malnutrition

- Children living in food secure households will be well-nourished

What can agriculture contribute our common nutrition goal?







Making agriculture work for nutrition

1. Incorporate explicit nutrition objectives and indicators into the design of programmes and investments, and track and mitigate potential harms
2. Assess the context at the local level to address the types and causes of malnutrition
3. Target the vulnerable and improve equity
4. Collaborate and coordinate with other sectors and programmes
5. Maintain or improve the natural resource base
6. Empower women
7. Facilitate production diversification, and increase production of nutrient-dense crops and small-scale livestock
8. Improve processing, storage and preservation
9. Expand markets and market access for vulnerable groups, particularly for nutritious foods
10. Incorporate nutrition promotion and education around food and sustainable food systems

In short...

Start from the consumer...

→ What do I want the food system to do for my child, and my neighbour's child?



...and within the food and agriculture sector



Country preparation

OUR WORKSHOP

NCP

Setting the scene (I):

- What is nutrition? What is the CAADP?
- Why agriculture and nutrition?
- What are the main nutrition problems?

Monday

What to do in the field?
What kind of interventions? (II)

Tuesday

Wednesday

How do we work with others? (III)

Wednesday

What information do we need for planning and M&E? (IV)

What capacities are needed? (V)

Thursday

What are the costs? How do we fund it? (VI)

Thursday

Recommendations

Road map

Follow-up

NAFSIP

Agriculture investment plans that address nutrition

NAFSIP funded

NAFSIP implemented



Nutrition...

Putting people at the heart of our work

