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11<sup>th</sup> International **LANDNET** workshop

**LAND CONSOLIDATION**  
**as an essential instrument**  
**for the implementation of large-scale**  
**infrastructure and sustainable land use**  
**– the European context –**  
*(part B)*

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Tallinn, 27<sup>th</sup> of November 2018



## **Legal background:**

### **Constitutionally guaranteeing real property and its limitation**

In the very most European countries is constitutionally regulated (by more or less the same formulation):

- 1. The right on property (real property included) is guaranteed; it shall serve to the public wealth.
- 2. Content and extent (of the right on private property) are determined by law.
- 3. Expropriation is permitted only in case of urgent public needs, and only on the base of a law, that allows expropriation to the public measure as such, and which regulates a full and fair (monetary) compensation.



## Legal background:

### Constitutionally guaranteeing real property and its limitation

That means regarding  
**land consolidation:**

#### **The state may intervene on real property**

(f.e. by a re-design of parcels),

- if the purpose of the measure is **legally permitted** and
- if the property right remains untouched in its essence  
(i.e.: the use of the right remains **of predominantly private benefit**, as merely shape and location is changed)

#### **Apart from this it is (in general terms) essentially:**

- The measure to be applied has to be
  - adequate (angemessen)and
- commensurate (verhältnismäßig)

# Assessing cascade

regarding the land consolidation tool to be applied

## 1. Is the full acquisition of needed land achievable

- by free-hand purchase?

If Yes  No



- by voluntary land consolidation?

If Yes  No



- by land consolidation in case of compulsory land acquisition?  
-“Unternehmensflurbereinigung“-

If Yes  No



- **expropriation**

## Assessing cascade

regarding the land consolidation tool to be applied

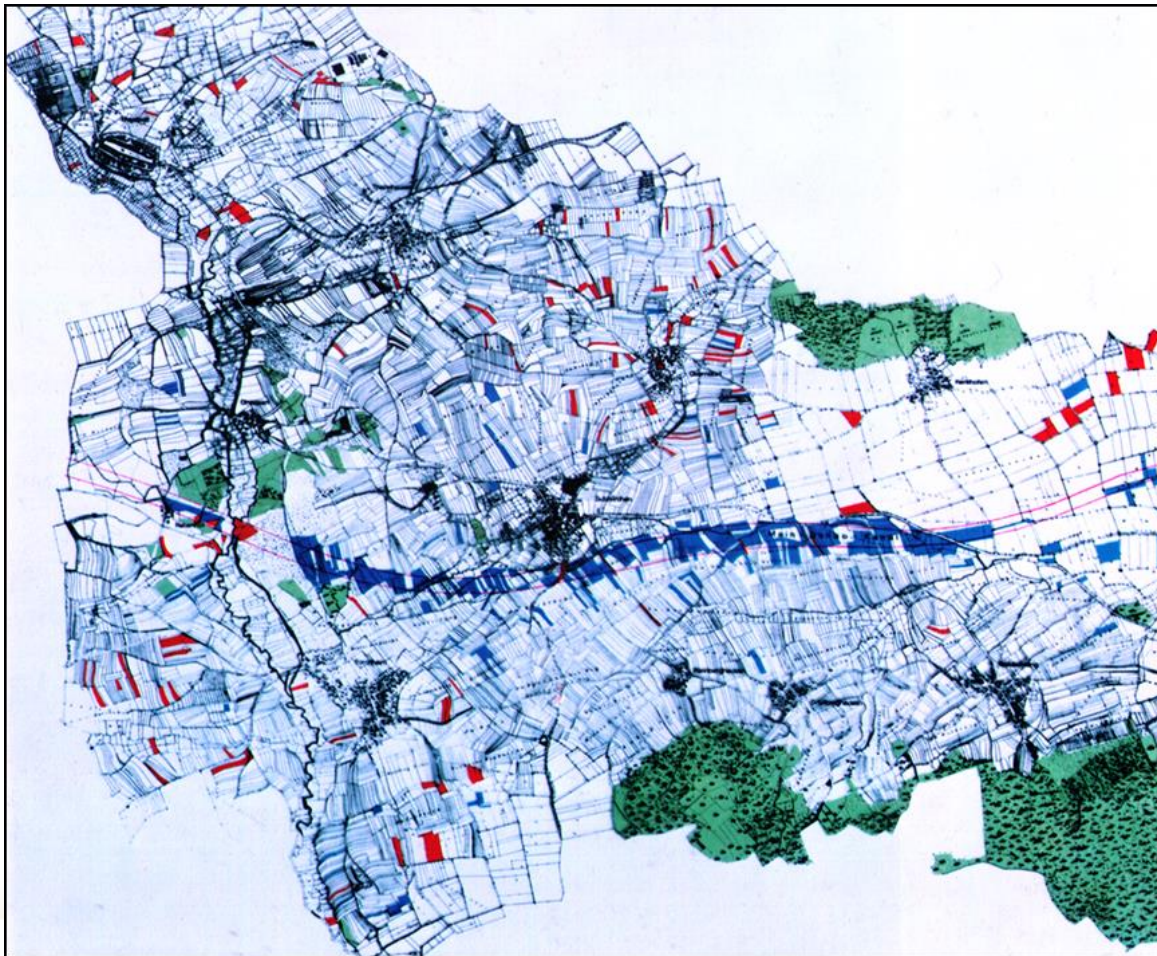
### 2. Is the adjustment of field structure and rural infrastructure achievable

- by free-hand purchase? If Yes ✓ No  
↓
- by voluntary land consolidation? If Yes ✓ No  
↓
- by compulsory land consolidation? If Yes ✓ No  
↓
- **land consolidation in case  
of compulsory land acquisition  
-“Unternehmensflurbereinigung“-**





## Distributed roles by free-hand land purchase

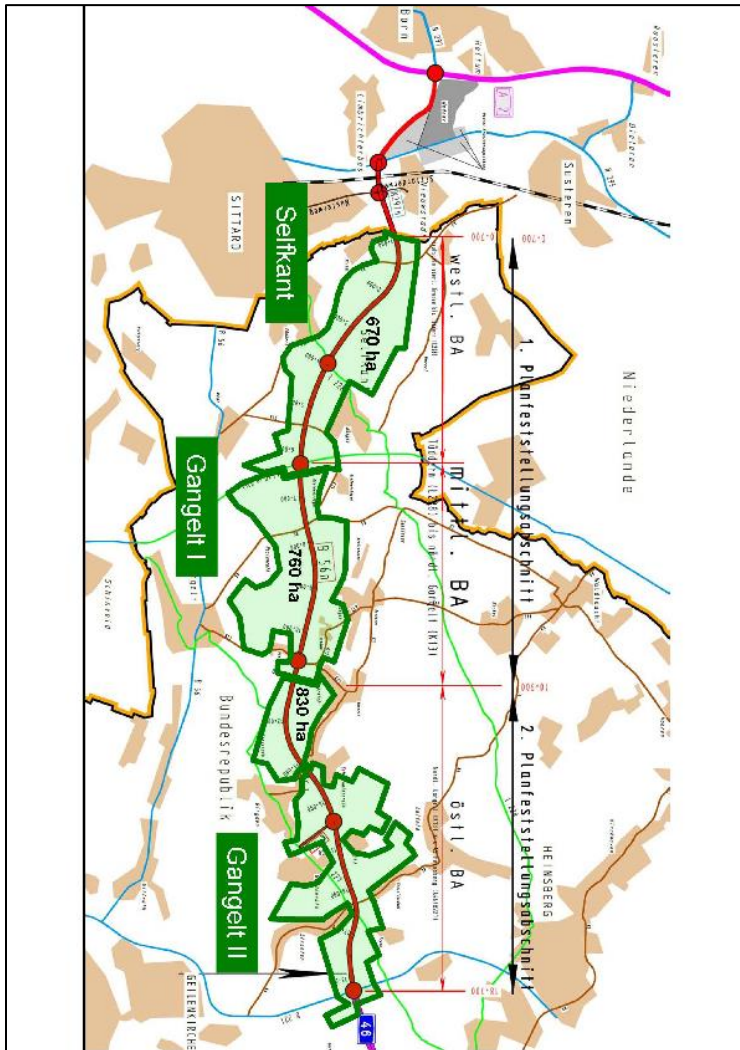








## chain of land consolidation projects





### Calculation of the “contribution of land”

<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Needed land of the highway project</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ in the line</li><li>○ for environmental compensation</li></ul></li></ul>		<b>102 ha</b>
		<b>88 ha</b>
	In total	<b>190 ha</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Available land for the project</b><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>○ already in ownership of the developer</li><li>○ purchased by the Land Consolidation Authority</li></ul></li></ul>		<b>17 ha</b>
		<b>112 ha</b>
	In total	<b>129 ha</b>
• <b>Missing land (difference)</b>		<b>61 ha</b>
• <b>Magnitude of the land consolidation area</b>		<b>2345 ha</b>
• <b><u>Needed “contribution of land”</u></b>	$(61\text{ha}/2345\text{ha}) \times 100$	<b><u>2,6%</u></b>

- In order to don't exceed a limit of 5%, the land consolidation area concerned would have to get a minimum size of  $(61\text{ha}/5) \times 100$



### Calculation of the monetary compensation for the “contribution of land”

<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Land of owner A, involved in the land consolidation project</li><li>General “contribution of land”</li><li>Contribution of land owner A</li><li>Monetary market value of 1 VU (VU = valuation unit)</li></ul>	12,3456 ha      with      23.457 VU
	2,6% (0.3210 ha)      610 VU 23 EURO/VU
• monetary compensation of land owner A	14.030 EURO



